



# **JC Schools 6th Grade Yearly Math Standards**

Units	Priority Standards	Supporting Standards
Unit 1	6.DSP.A.2	6.DSP.A.1
Statistics	Understand that a set of data collected to answer a statistical question has a distribution which can be described by its center, spread and overall shape.	Recognize a statistical question as one that anticipates variability in the data related to the question and accounts for it in the answers.
23 Days		6.DSP.A.3
Unit End Date: Sept. 23 Unit Assessment Window: Sept. 16-30	6.DSP.B.4.a,b Display and interpret data. a. Use dot plots, histograms and box plots to display and interpret numerical data. b. Create and interpret circle graphs.	Recognize that a measure of center for a numerical data set summarizes all of its values with a single number, while a measure of variation describes how its values vary from a single number.
	6.DSP.B.5.c-d Summarize numerical data sets in relation to the context. c. Give quantitative measures of center (median and/or mean) and variability (interquartile range and/or mean absolute deviation), as well as describing any overall pattern and any striking deviations from the overall pattern with reference to the context of the data. d. Analyze the choice of measures of center and variability based on the shape of the data distribution and/or the context of the data.	6.DSP.B.5.a-b Summarize numerical data sets in relation to the context. a. Report the number of observations. b. Describe the nature of the attribute under investigation,

## Unit 2

**Rational Numbers** 

18 Days

Unit End Date: Oct. 20 Unit Assessment Window: Oct. 13-27

## 6.NS.B.4.a

Find common factors and multiples

a. Find the greatest common factor (GCF) and the least common multiple (LCM)

#### 6.NS.B.4.b

Find common factors and multiples

b. Use the distributive property to express a sum of two whole numbers with a common factor as a multiple of a sum of two whole numbers.

## 6.NS.C.6.a, c

Locate a rational number as a point on the number line.

- a. Locate rational numbers on a horizontal or vertical number line.
- c. Understand that a number and its opposite (additive inverse) are located on opposite sides of zero on the number line.

#### 6.NS.C.7

Understand that the absolute value of a rational number is its distance from 0 on the number line.

## 6.NS.C.8

Extend prior knowledge to generate equivalent representations of rational numbers between fractions, decimals and percentages (limited to terminating decimals and/or benchmark fractions of 1/3 and 2/3).

## 6.NS.C.5

Use positive and negative numbers to represent quantities.

## 6.NS.C.6.b

Locate a rational number as a point on the number line.

b. Write, interpret and explain problems of ordering of rational numbers.

Unit 3	6.NS.A.1.a	6.NS.B.2
Number Operations	Compute and interpret quotients of positive fractions.  a. Solve problems involving division of fractions by fractions.	Demonstrate fluency with division of multi-digit whole numbers.
31 Days		<b>6.NS.B.3</b> Demonstrate fluency with addition, subtraction,
Unit End Date: Dec. 8 Unit Assessment Window: Dec. 1-15		multiplication and division of decimals.
Unit 4	6.RP.A.1	6.RP.A.2
Ratios & Rates	Understand a ratio as a comparison of two quantities and represent these comparisons.	Understand the concept of a unit rate associated with a ratio, and describe the meaning of unit rate.
	6.RP.A.3.a-d	
26 Days	Solve problems involving ratios and rates.  a. Create tables of equivalent ratios, find missing values in	
Unit End Date: Jan. 28	the tables and plot the pairs of values on the Cartesian	
Unit Assessment	coordinate plane.	
Window: Jan. 21-Feb.4	b. Solve unit rate problems.	
	c. Solve percent problems. d. Convert measurement units within and between two	
	systems of measurement.	
Unit 5	6.EEI.A.1	6.EEI.A.2.a-e
	Describe the difference between an expression and an	Create and evaluate expressions involving
Expressions	equation.	variables and whole number exponents.
	6.EEI.A.2.a-e	a. Identify parts of an expression using mathematical terminology.
17 Days	Create and evaluate expressions involving variables and	b. Evaluate expressions at specific values of
	whole number exponents.	the variables.
Unit End Date:	d. Write and evaluate algebraic expressions.	c. Evaluate nonnegative rational number
Feb. 23 Unit Assessment	e. Understand the meaning of the variable in the context of the situation.	expressions.
Window:	the ortageon.	6.GM.A.1
Feb. 15-Mar. 2	6.EEI.A.3	Find the area of polygons by composing or

	Identify and generate equivalent algebraic expressions using mathematical properties.	decomposing the shapes into rectangles or triangles. <b>6.GM.A.2.a,b</b> Find the volume of right rectangular prisms. a. Understand that the volume of a right rectangular prism can be found by filling the prism with multiple layers of the base. b. Apply V = I * w * h and V = Bh to find the volume of right rectangular prisms.
Unit 6	6.EEI.B.5	6.EEI.B.4
Equations	Understand that if any solutions exist, the solution set for an equation or inequality consists of values that make the equation or inequality true.	Use substitution to determine whether a given number in a specified set makes a one-variable equation or inequality true.
22 Days	<b>6.EEI.B.6</b> Write and solve equations using variables to represent	<b>6.EEI.B.7</b> Solve one-step linear equations in one
Unit End Date:  March 25	quantities, and understand the meaning of the variable in the context of the situation.	variable involving non-negative rational numbers.
Unit Assessment Window: Mar. 18- Apr. 8		6.GM.A.1
	6.EEI.C.9.a,b Identify and describe relationships between two variables that change in relationship to one another.  a. Write an equation to express one quantity, the dependent	Find the area of polygons by composing or decomposing the shapes into rectangles or triangles.
	variable, in terms of the other quantity, the independent variable.	<b>6.GM.A.2.a,b</b> Find the volume of right rectangular prisms.
	b. Analyze the relationship between the dependent and independent variables using graphs, tables and equations and relate these representations to each other.	a. Understand that the volume of a right rectangular prism can be found by filling the prism with multiple layers of the base. b. Apply V = I * w * h and V = Bh to find the volume of right rectangular prisms.
		6.EEI.B.8.a,b

		Recognize that inequalities may have infinitely many solutions.  a. Write an inequality of the form x > c, x < c, x ≥ c, or x ≤ c to represent a constraint or condition.  b. Graph the solution set of an inequality.
Unit 7	<b>6.GM.A.3.a-d</b> Solve problems by graphing points in all four quadrants of the	6.GM.A.4.a,b
Geometry	Cartesian coordinate plane  a. Understand signs of numbers in ordered pairs as indicating	Solve problems using nets.  a. Represent three-dimensional figures using
32 Days	locations in quadrants of the Cartesian coordinate plane b. Recognize that when two ordered pairs differ only by signs,	nets made up of rectangles and triangles. b. Use nets to find the surface area of
Unit End Date: May 17 Unit Assessment Window: May 10-24	the locations of the points are related by reflections across one or both axes c. Find distances between points with the same first coordinate or the same second coordinate d. Construct polygons in the Cartesian coordinate plane	three-dimensional figures whose sides are made up of rectangles and triangles.